

# One-Point Gauss Quadrature Rule



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$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \underline{c_1 f(x_1)}, \quad a \leq x_1 \leq b$$

Let  $f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x$

$$\int_a^b (a_0 + a_1 x) dx = \left[ a_0 x + a_1 \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_a^b$$
$$= a_0 (b-a) + a_1 \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2}$$

$$c_1 f(x_1) = c_1 (a_0 + a_1 x_1)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \underline{a_0(b-a)} + a \left( \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2} \right) &= c_1 (a_0 + a_1 x_1) \\ &= c_1 a_0 + c_1 a_1 x_1 \\ &= \underline{a_0(c_1)} + a_1 \underline{(c_1 x_1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$c_1 = b - a \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$c_1 x_1 = \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2} \quad \text{--- ②}$$

$$(b-a) x_1 = \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2}$$

$$\cancel{(b-a)} x_1 = \frac{\cancel{(b-a)}(b+a)}{2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{b+a}{2}$$



$$C_1 = (b-a), \quad x_1 = \frac{b+a}{2}$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx C_1 f(x_1)$$

$$= (b-a) f\left(\frac{b+a}{2}\right)$$



# Example of One-Point Gauss Quad

The following integral is given

$$\int_{0.1}^{1.3} 5xe^{-2x} dx$$

- Use the one-point Gaussian quadrature rule to estimate the value of the integral.
- Find the true error for part (a).
- Find the absolute relative true error,  $|\epsilon_t|$ , for part (a).

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx (b-a) f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)$$

a)

$$\int_{0.1}^{1.3} f(x) dx \approx (1.3 - 0.1) f\left(\frac{1.3 + 0.1}{2}\right)$$

$$= 1.2 f(0.6)$$

$$= 1.2 [5(0.6) e^{-2(0.6)}]$$

$$= 1.0357$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } E_t &= \text{True Value} - \text{Approx. Value} \\ &= 0.89386 - 1.0357 \\ &= -0.14183 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } |E_t| &= \left| \frac{E_t}{\text{True value}} \right| * 100 \\ &= \left| \frac{-0.14183}{0.89386} \right| * 100 \\ &= 15.86\% \end{aligned}$$



## Trapezoid Rule

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx (b-a) \left( \frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} \right)$$

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$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx (b-a) f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)$$

END



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