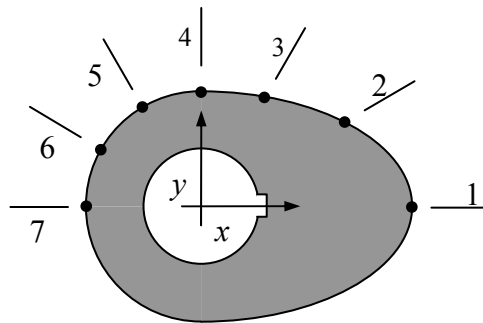


## Chapter 05.03 Newton's Divided Difference Interpolation – More Examples Industrial Engineering

### Example 1

The geometry of a cam is given in Figure 1. A curve needs to be fit through the seven points given in Table 1 to fabricate the cam.



**Figure 1** Schematic of cam profile.

**Table 1** Geometry of the cam.

Point	$x$ (in.)	$y$ (in.)
1	2.20	0.00
2	1.28	0.88
3	0.66	1.14
4	0.00	1.20
5	-0.60	1.04
6	-1.04	0.60
7	-1.20	0.00

If the cam follows a straight line profile from  $x = 1.28$  to  $x = 0.66$ , what is the value of  $y$  at  $x = 1.10$  using Newton's divided difference method of interpolation and a first order polynomial.

**Solution**

For linear interpolation, the value of  $y$  is given by

$$y(x) = b_0 + b_1(x - x_0)$$

Since we want to find the value of  $y$  at  $x = 1.10$ , using the two points  $x = 1.28$  and  $x = 0.66$ , then

$$x_0 = 1.28, \quad y(x_0) = 0.88$$

$$x_1 = 0.66, \quad y(x_1) = 1.14$$

gives

$$b_0 = y(x_0)$$

$$= 0.88$$

$$b_1 = \frac{y(x_1) - y(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$$

$$= \frac{1.14 - 0.88}{0.66 - 1.28}$$

$$= -0.41935$$

Hence

$$y(x) = b_0 + b_1(x - x_0)$$

$$= 0.88 - 0.41935(x - 1.28), \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 1.28$$

At  $x = 1.10$

$$y(1.10) = 0.88 - 0.41935(1.10 - 1.28)$$

$$= 0.95548 \text{ in.}$$

If we expand

$$y(x) = 0.88 - 0.41935(x - 1.28), \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 1.28$$

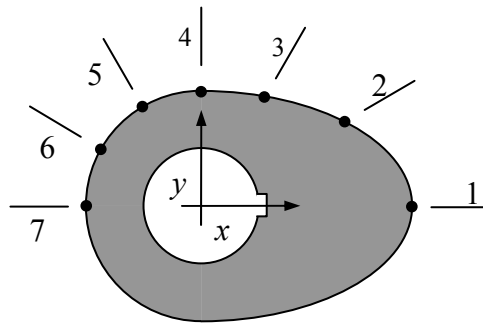
we get

$$y(x) = 1.4168 - 0.41935x, \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 1.28$$

This is the same expression that was obtained with the direct method.

**Example 2**

The geometry of a cam is given in Figure 2. A curve needs to be fit through the seven points given in Table 2 to fabricate the cam.



**Figure 2** Schematic of cam profile.

**Table 2** Geometry of the cam.

Point	$x$ (in.)	$y$ (in.)
1	2.20	0.00
2	1.28	0.88
3	0.66	1.14
4	0.00	1.20
5	-0.60	1.04
6	-1.04	0.60
7	-1.20	0.00

If the cam follows a quadratic profile from  $x = 2.20$  to  $x = 1.28$  to  $x = 0.66$ , what is the value of  $y$  at  $x = 1.10$  using Newton's divided difference method of interpolation and a second order polynomial. Find the absolute relative approximate error for the second order polynomial approximation.

### Solution

For quadratic interpolation, the value of  $y$  is chosen as

$$y(x) = b_0 + b_1(x - x_0) + b_2(x - x_0)(x - x_1)$$

Since we want to find the value of  $y$  at  $x = 1.10$ , using the three points  $x_0 = 2.20$ ,  $x_1 = 1.28$  and  $x_2 = 0.66$ , then

$$x_0 = 2.20, \quad y(x_0) = 0.00$$

$$x_1 = 1.28, \quad y(x_1) = 0.88$$

$$x_2 = 0.66, \quad y(x_2) = 1.14$$

gives

$$\begin{aligned} b_0 &= y(x_0) \\ &= 0.00 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b_1 &= \frac{y(x_1) - y(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0} \\
 &= \frac{0.88 - 0.00}{1.28 - 2.20} \\
 &= -0.95652 \\
 b_2 &= \frac{\frac{y(x_2) - y(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} - \frac{y(x_1) - y(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}}{x_2 - x_0} \\
 &= \frac{\frac{1.14 - 0.88}{0.66 - 1.28} - \frac{0.88 - 0.00}{1.28 - 2.20}}{0.66 - 2.20} \\
 &= \frac{-0.41935 + 0.95652}{-1.54} \\
 &= -0.34881
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) &= b_0 + b_1(x - x_0) + b_2(x - x_0)(x - x_1) \\
 &= 0 - 0.95652(x - 2.20) - 0.34881(x - 2.20)(x - 1.28), \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 2.20
 \end{aligned}$$

At  $x = 1.10$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(1.10) &= 0 - 0.95652(1.10 - 2.20) - 0.34881(1.10 - 2.20)(1.10 - 1.28) \\
 &= 0.98311 \text{ in.}
 \end{aligned}$$

The absolute relative approximate error  $|\epsilon_a|$  obtained between the results from the first and second order polynomial is

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\epsilon_a| &= \left| \frac{0.98311 - 0.95548}{0.98311} \right| \times 100 \\
 &= 2.8100\%
 \end{aligned}$$

If we expand

$$y(x) = 0 - 0.95652(x - 2.20) - 0.34881(x - 2.20)(x - 1.28), \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 2.20$$

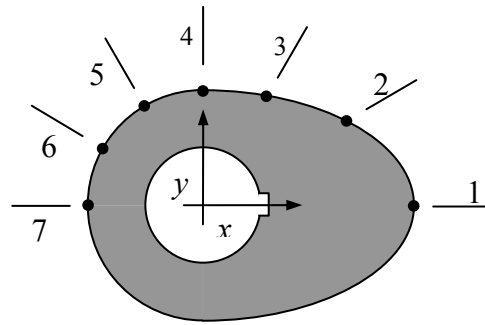
we get

$$y(x) = 1.1221 + 0.25734x - 0.34881x^2, \quad 0.66 \leq x \leq 2.20$$

This is the same expression that was obtained with the direct method.

### Example 3

The geometry of a cam is given in Figure 3. A curve needs to be fit through the seven points given in Table 3 to fabricate the cam.



**Figure 3** Schematic of cam profile.

**Table 3** Geometry of the cam.

Point	$x$ (in.)	$y$ (in.)
1	2.20	0.00
2	1.28	0.88
3	0.66	1.14
4	0.00	1.20
5	-0.60	1.04
6	-1.04	0.60
7	-1.20	0.00

Find the cam profile using all seven points in Table 3, Newton's divided difference method of interpolation and a sixth order polynomial.

### Solution

For 6<sup>th</sup> order interpolation, the value of  $y$  is given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) = & b_0 + b_1(x - x_0) + b_2(x - x_0)(x - x_1) + b_3(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2) \\
 & + b_4(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3) + b_5(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3)(x - x_4) \\
 & + b_6(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3)(x - x_4)(x - x_5)
 \end{aligned}$$

Using the seven points,

$$x_0 = 2.20, \quad y(x_0) = 0.00$$

$$x_1 = 1.28, \quad y(x_1) = 0.88$$

$$x_2 = 0.66, \quad y(x_2) = 1.14$$

$$x_3 = 0.00, \quad y(x_3) = 1.20$$

$$x_4 = -.60, \quad y(x_4) = 1.04$$

$$x_5 = -1.04, \quad y(x_5) = 0.60$$

$$x_6 = -1.20, \quad y(x_6) = 0.00$$

gives

$$b_0 = y[x_0]$$

$$= y(x_0)$$

$$= 0.00$$

$$b_1 = y[x_1, x_0]$$

$$= \frac{y(x_1) - y(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$$

$$= \frac{0.88 - 0.00}{1.28 - 2.20}$$

$$= -0.95652$$

$$= -0.95652$$

$$b_2 = y[x_2, x_1, x_0]$$

$$= \frac{y[x_2, x_1] - y[x_1, x_0]}{x_2 - x_0}$$

$$y[x_2, x_1] = \frac{y(x_2) - y(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{1.14 - 0.88}{0.66 - 1.28}$$

$$= -0.41935$$

$$= -0.41935$$

$$y[x_1, x_0] = -0.95652$$

$$b_2 = \frac{y[x_2, x_1] - y[x_1, x_0]}{x_2 - x_0}$$

$$= \frac{-0.41935 + 0.95652}{0.66 - 2.20}$$

$$= -0.34881$$

$$= -0.34881$$

$$b_3 = y[x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]$$

$$= \frac{y[x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_3 - x_0}$$

$$y[x_3, x_2, x_1] = \frac{y[x_3, x_2] - y[x_2, x_1]}{x_3 - x_1}$$

$$y[x_3, x_2] = \frac{y(x_3) - y(x_2)}{x_3 - x_2}$$

$$= \frac{1.20 - 1.14}{0.00 - 0.66}$$

$$= -0.090909$$

$$= -0.090909$$

$$y[x_2, x_1] = -0.41935$$

$$y[x_3, x_2, x_1] = \frac{y[x_3, x_2] - y[x_2, x_1]}{x_3 - x_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{-0.090909 + 0.41935}{0.00 - 1.28} \\
 &= -0.25660 \\
 y[x_2, x_1, x_0] &= -0.34881 \\
 b_3 &= y[x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] \\
 &= \frac{y[x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_3 - x_0} \\
 &= \frac{-0.25660 + 0.34881}{0.00 - 2.20} \\
 &= -0.041914 \\
 b_4 &= y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] \\
 &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_4 - x_0} \\
 y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_4 - x_1} \\
 y[x_4, x_3, x_2] &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3] - y[x_3, x_2]}{x_4 - x_2} \\
 y[x_4, x_3] &= \frac{y(x_4) - y(x_3)}{x_4 - x_3} \\
 &= \frac{1.04 - 1.20}{-0.60 - 0} \\
 &= 0.26667 \\
 y[x_3, x_2] &= -0.090909 \\
 y[x_4, x_3, x_2] &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3] - y[x_3, x_2]}{x_4 - x_2} \\
 &= \frac{0.26667 + 0.090909}{-0.60 - 0.66} \\
 &= -0.28379 \\
 y[x_3, x_2, x_1] &= -0.25660 \\
 y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_4 - x_1} \\
 &= \frac{-0.28379 + 0.25660}{-0.60 - 1.28} \\
 &= 0.014464 \\
 y[x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] &= -0.041914 \\
 b_4 &= \frac{y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_4 - x_0}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{0.014464 + 0.041914}{-0.60 - 2.20} \\
&= -0.020135
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_5 = y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]$$

$$= \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_5 - x_0}$$

$$y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] = \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_5 - x_1}$$

$$y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] = \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2]}{x_5 - x_2}$$

$$y[x_5, x_4, x_3] = \frac{y[x_5, x_4] - y[x_4, x_3]}{x_5 - x_3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y[x_5, x_4] &= \frac{y(x_5) - y(x_4)}{x_5 - x_4} \\
&= \frac{0.60 - 1.04}{-1.04 + 0.60} \\
&= 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$y[x_4, x_3] = 0.26667$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y[x_5, x_4, x_3] &= \frac{y[x_5, x_4] - y[x_4, x_3]}{x_5 - x_3} \\
&= \frac{1 - 0.26667}{-1.04 - 0} \\
&= -0.70513
\end{aligned}$$

$$y[x_4, x_3, x_2] = -0.28379$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] &= \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2]}{x_5 - x_2} \\
&= \frac{-0.70513 + 0.28379}{-1.04 - 0.66} \\
&= 0.24785
\end{aligned}$$

$$y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] = 0.014464$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_5 - x_1} \\
&= \frac{0.24785 - 0.014464}{-1.04 - 1.28} \\
&= -0.10060
\end{aligned}$$

$$y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] = -0.020135$$

$$b_5 = y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_5 - x_0} \\
 &= \frac{-0.10060 + 0.020135}{-1.04 - 2.20} \\
 &= 0.024834
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b_6 &= y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] \\
 &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_6 - x_0} \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_6 - x_1} \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2]}{x_6 - x_2} \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3]}{x_6 - x_3} \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5] - y[x_5, x_4]}{x_6 - x_4} \\
 y[x_6, x_5] &= \frac{y(x_6) - y(x_5)}{x_6 - x_5} \\
 &= \frac{0.00 - 0.60}{-1.20 + 1.04} \\
 &= 3.75 \\
 y[x_5, x_4] &= 1 \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5] - y[x_5, x_4]}{x_6 - x_4} \\
 &= \frac{3.75 - 1}{-1.20 + 0.60} \\
 &= -4.5833 \\
 y[x_5, x_4, x_3] &= -0.70513 \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3]}{x_6 - x_3} \\
 &= \frac{-4.5833 + 0.70513}{-1.20 - 0} \\
 &= 3.2318 \\
 y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] &= 0.24785 \\
 y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2]}{x_6 - x_2} \\
 &= \frac{3.2318 - 0.24785}{-1.20 - 0.66}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -1.6043 \\
y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= -0.10060 \\
y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1]}{x_6 - x_1} \\
&= \frac{-1.6043 + 0.100596}{-1.20 - 1.28} \\
&= 0.60633 \\
y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0] &= 0.024834
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
b_6 &= \frac{y[x_6, x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1] - y[x_5, x_4, x_3, x_2, x_1, x_0]}{x_6 - x_0} \\
&= \frac{0.60633 - 0.024834}{-1.20 - 2.20} \\
&= -0.17103
\end{aligned}$$

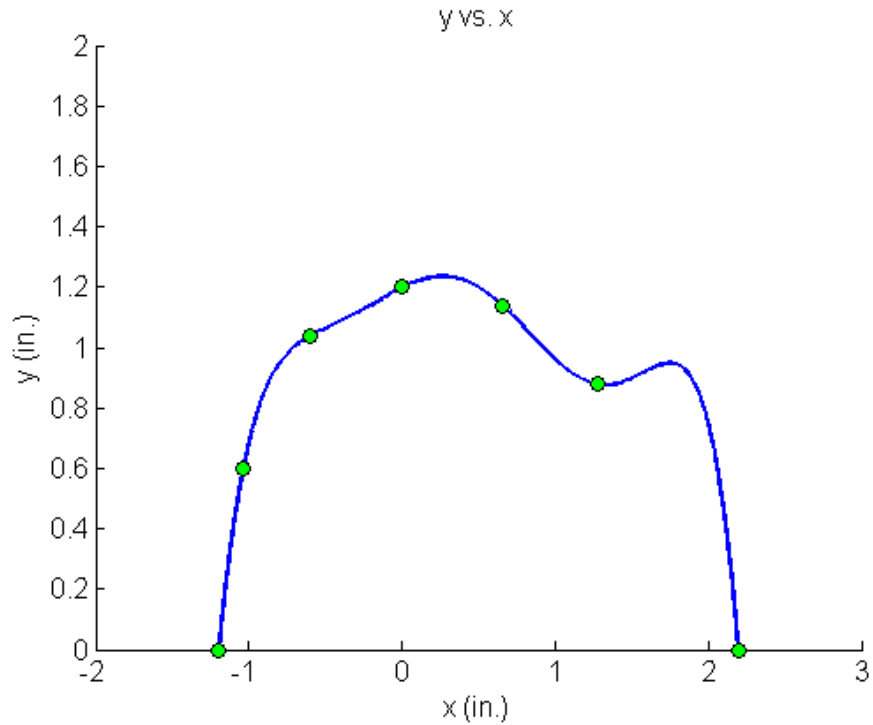
Hence

$$\begin{aligned}
y(x) &= b_0 + b_1(x - x_0) + b_2(x - x_0)(x - x_1) + b_3(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2) \\
&\quad + b_4(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3) + b_5(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3)(x - x_4) \\
&\quad + b_6(x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2)(x - x_3)(x - x_4)(x - x_5) \\
&= 0 - 0.95652(x - 2.2) - 0.34881(x - 2.2)(x - 1.28) \\
&\quad - 0.041914(x - 2.2)(x - 1.28)(x - 0.66) \\
&\quad - 0.020135(x - 2.2)(x - 1.28)(x - 0.66)(x - 0) \\
&\quad + 0.024834(x - 2.2)(x - 1.28)(x - 0.66)(x - 0)(x + 0.6) \\
&\quad - 0.17103(x - 2.2)(x - 1.28)(x - 0.66)(x - 0)(x + 0.6)(x + 1.04)
\end{aligned}$$

Expanding this formula, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
y(x) &= 1.2 + 0.25112x - 0.27255x^2 - 0.56765x^3 \\
&\quad + 0.072013x^4 + 0.45241x^5 - 0.17103x^6, \quad -1.20 \leq x \leq 2.20
\end{aligned}$$

This is the same expression that was obtained with the direct method.



**Figure 4** Plot of the cam profile as defined by a 6<sup>th</sup> order interpolating polynomial (using Newton's divided difference method of interpolation).

---

INTERPOLATION	
Topic	Newton's Divided Difference Interpolation
Summary	Examples of Newton's divided difference interpolation.
Major	Industrial Engineering
Authors	Autar Kaw
Date	November 23, 2009
Web Site	<a href="http://numericalmethods.eng.usf.edu">http://numericalmethods.eng.usf.edu</a>

---